

#### Unit Objective:

#### To say what instrument you play in French

## By the end of this unit we will be able to:

- Name and recognise up to 10 instruments in French.
- Attempt to spell some of these nouns with their correct definite article/determiner in French.
- Learn how to say I play an instrument in French.

French

#### Skills we will develop:

To work on improving memory skills. Learning to recognise and learn cognates such as triangle, piano, clarinette first. Starting to build a short phrase in French using personal pronoun (je), conjugated verb 1st person verb (joue), and partitive article (du, de la or des). Choosing and ordering these words accurately.

# Activities we will complete:

A number of activities with speaking, reading, listening and written tasks to help learn and retain the new vocabulary including word puzzles, word searches, crosswordsto help the final task of recalling from memory in oral and written form je joue plus the partitive article/determiner and an instrument.

### Grammar we will learn & revisit:

# Nouns, definite articles/determiners and high frequency

verb 'jouer' in first person singular only. Using a noun (instrument) with the correct definite article and 1st person singular of verb to play (jouer) je joue. Learning that nouns in French can have different articles based on their gender (masculine/ feminine nouns) and plurality. Introduction to three definite articles le, la and les (l' is not seen in this unit). Learning how to categorise nouns in French by their determiner, gender and plurality.

#### It will help if we already know:

- No previous knowledge of the foreign language is required as this is one of the recommended starter units.
- · Vocabulary from the 'Greetings' and 'Colours & Numbers' units which are recommended prior to teaching this unit.
- What a noun and article/determiner is in English.
- What a verb is in English.

#### Phonics & pronunciation we will see:

Recommended phonics focus: CH OU ON OI

- OU sound in joue
- ON sound in non & violon
- Contractions & Silent letters. When the preposition de is followed by the definite article les it becomes **des** but the 's' in **des** is silent.
- Nasal sounds. Starting to explore the four French nasal sounds (on, un, in and an). These sounds do not exist in English and are made through the nose not the mouth! Words like violon and instruments.

#### Vocabulary we will learn & revisit:

10 common instruments with their appropriate definite article first and then in a short phrase using the partitive article. First person conjugation of the verb jouer (je joue). All listed on the Vocabulary Sheet.